

Ancillary Services Physical Accessibility Review Survey

California Department of Health Care Services
Managed Care Quality and Monitoring Division

For purposes of this tool, Ancillary Services refers to Diagnostic and Therapeutic services such as, but not limited to: Radiology, Imaging, Cardiac Testing, Kidney dialysis, Physical Therapy, Occupational therapy, Speech therapy, Cardiac rehabilitation, Pulmonary testing.

| | | |
|---|------|---|
| Provider Name: _____ | | Date of Review: |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Radiology <input type="checkbox"/> Infusion <input type="checkbox"/> Physical Therapy <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | | Name of Reviewer: |
| Address: | | Health Plan Name: |
| City: | | |
| Phone: | FAX: | Contact Person Name: |
| | | Level of Access: |
| <u>Basic Access:</u> Demonstrates ancillary facility site access for the members with disabilities to parking, building, elevator, restroom, diagnostic and treatment use. To meet Basic Access requirements, all (34) Critical Elements (CE) must be met. | | <input type="checkbox"/> Basic Access |
| <u>Limited Access:</u> Demonstrates ancillary facility site access for the members with a disability is missing or is incomplete in one or more features for parking, building, elevator, restroom, diagnostic and treatment use. Deficiencies in 1 or more of the Critical Elements (CE) are encountered. | | <input type="checkbox"/> Limited Access |
| <u>Medical Equipment:</u> Diagnostic and treatment equipment meet accessibility features for use as indicated the “accessibility indicators”. (assistance is available for the equipment used). | | <input type="checkbox"/> Medical Equipment is available <input type="checkbox"/> List of Equipment |

Below are the symbols that will be used in the provider directories to indicate areas of accessibility at the ancillary site. These should also be used in online directories. In order for an ancillary site to receive a symbol, the appropriate criteria must be met.

These symbols are in addition to identifying whether the provider office has Basic Access or Limited Access. A provider who has Basic Access will automatically meet the critical elements for the first 5 symbols (P, EB, IB, R, PD).

| Accessibility Indicator | Must Satisfy these Criteria | Yes | No | N/A | Comments |
|--|---|------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|
| P = PARKING | Critical Elements (CE): 3,7,8,11 | | | | |
| EB = EXTERIOR BUILDING | (CE): 14,20,21,22,25 | | | | |
| IB = INTERIOR BUILDING | (CE): 28,31,42,43,44,45,46,47 | | | | |
| R =RESTROOM | (CE): 53, 55,56,59,62,64 | | | | |
| PD = PATIENT DIAGNOSTIC AND TREATMENT USE | (CE): 66,67,70,76,78 | | | | |
| T = MEDICAL EQUIPMENT | (T): 72,73,74,77,80,81 | | | | |

2nd Periodic PARS Review: I certify that there have been no changes since the last physical accessibility review:

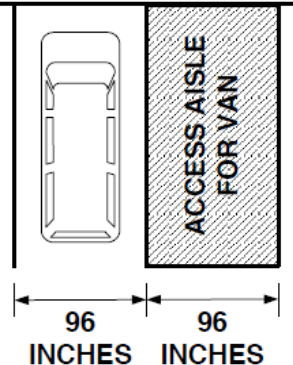
Name: _____ Signature: _____ Date: _____

3rd Periodic PARS Review: I certify that there have been no changes since the last physical accessibility review:


Name: _____ Signature: _____ Date: _____

PARKING

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Is off-street public parking available? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
| 2 | Are accessible parking spaces provided in off-street parking? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
| 3 (CE) | <p>Are the correct number of accessible parking spaces provided?</p> <p>1 to 25 total spaces - 1 required 26 to 50 - 2 required 51 to 75 - 3 required 76 to 100 - 4 required 101 to 150 - 5 required 151 to 200 - 6 required 201 to 300 - 7 required 301 to 400 - 8 required</p> | <p>If there are 25 total parking spaces or less, at least one accessible space is required. If there are between 26 and 50 total spaces, at least two accessible spaces are required, etc.</p> | | | | |
| 4 | Is the accessible parking space(s) closest to the main entrance? | The accessible parking space (s) should afford the shortest route of travel from adjacent parking to the accessible entrance. | | | | |

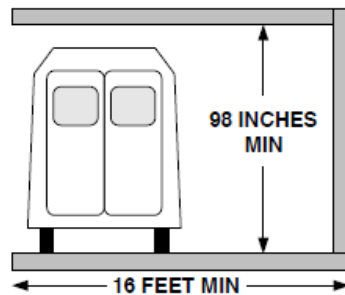
| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 5 | Is there an access aisle next to the accessible space(s)? | <p>The access aisle is the space next to the accessible parking space where a person using the accessible space can load and unload from the vehicle.</p>  <p>The diagram illustrates a top-down view of a van and an adjacent access aisle. The van is shown as a rectangle with a driver's side and a passenger side. Below the van, a dimension line indicates a width of 96 INCHES. To the right of the van is a shaded rectangular area labeled 'ACCESS AISLE FOR VAN'. Below this shaded area, another dimension line indicates a width of 96 INCHES.</p> | | | | |
| 6 | Is the parking space(s) and access aisle(s) free of curb ramps that extend into the space and other obstructions? | <p>If a curb ramp extends into the parking space(s) or access aisle, a person using that space and aisle would not have adequate level space to unload and load from the vehicle.</p> | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| <p>7 (CE)</p> | <p>Do curbs on the route from off-street public parking have curb ramps at the parking locations?</p> | <p>Pathways should have curb ramps. Without curb ramps, wheelchair users may be required to travel in the street or behind parked cars where drivers cannot see them.</p> | | | | |
| <p>8 (CE)</p> | <p>Do curbs on the route from off-street public parking have curb ramps at the drop off locations?</p> | <p>See above Question # 7.</p> | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 9 | Does every accessible parking space have a vertical sign posted with the International Symbol of Accessibility? | <p>Symbol in the illustration depicts the International Symbol of Accessibility.</p>  | | | | |
| 10 | Are signs mounted a minimum of 60 inches above the ground surface so that they can be seen over a parked vehicle? | Signs must be located so a vehicle parked in the space does not obscure them. (Van accessible spaces must be indicated with an additional sign) | | | | |
| | Is VAN accessible parking provided? | 1 van space for every 6 standard accessible spaces must be provided, but never less than one. For example, if there are 23 total spaces, at least one accessible space is required and it must be large enough (See Question # 5 for dimensions) to accommodate a van. If there are 201 total parking spaces, at least seven accessible spaces would be required and two of those would have to accommodate vans. | | | | |
| 12 | Is VAN accessible parking signage provided? | Signs must be mounted a minimum of 60 inches above the ground surface so that they can be seen over a parked vehicle. | | | | |

If there is no parking garage, check NA.

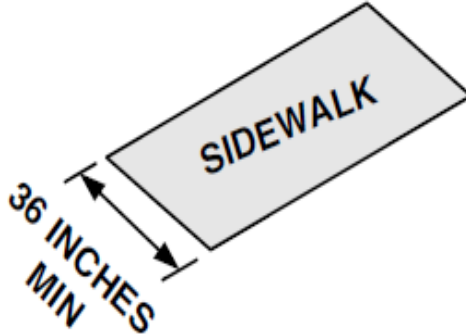
If designated accessible parking is located in a garage, the vertical clearance should be at a minimum 8 feet 2 inches (98 inches). Vertical clearance should be posted.



13

If van accessible parking is provided in a parking garage, is there at least 8 feet 2 inches (98 inches total) vertical clearance available for full-sized, lift equipped vans?

EXTERIOR ROUTE (FROM ACCESSIBLE PARKING, PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION, AND PUBLIC SIDEWALK TO THE ENTRANCE)

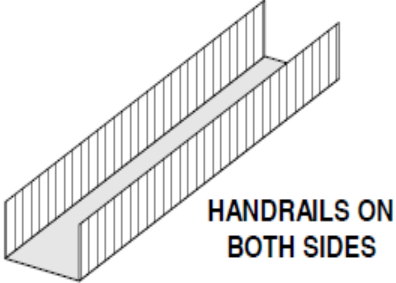
| | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 14 (CE) | <p>For exterior routes, if the accessible route crosses a curb, is a curb ramp provided to the building entrance from the following: (Please mark NA for those that do not apply.)</p> | <p>Self explanatory.</p> | | | |
| | a. Parking? | | | | |
| | b. Public transportation? | | | | |
| | c. Public sidewalk? | | | | |
| 15 | <p>Is the accessible route to the building entrance at least 36 inches wide for exterior routes from the following: (Please mark NA for those that do not apply.)</p> |  <p>The diagram shows a gray rectangular area labeled "SIDEWALK" tilted at an angle. A double-headed arrow indicates the width of the sidewalk, with the text "36 INCHES MIN" written below it.</p> | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | a. Parking? | | | | | |
| | b. Public transportation? | | | | | |
| | c. Public sidewalk? | | | | | |
| 16 | Is the accessible route to the building entrance stable, firm, and slip resistant from the following: (Please mark NA for those that do not apply.) | <p>An example of a stable surface is a floor or ground surface without loose elements like gravel or wood chips.</p> <p>Firm surfaces include solid concrete or pavement as opposed to a grassy, graveled or soft soil surface.</p> <p>Avoid glossy or slick surfaces such as ceramic tile.</p> | | | | |
| | a. Parking? | | | | | |
| | b. Public transportation? | | | | | |
| | c. Public sidewalk? | | | | | |
| 17 | Is there an accessible route that does not include stairs or steps? | Self explanatory. | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|----|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 18 | Is the route to the entrance from the accessible parking spaces, including transitions at curb ramps, free of grates, gaps, and openings that are both greater than ½ inch wide and over ¼ inch deep? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
|----|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|

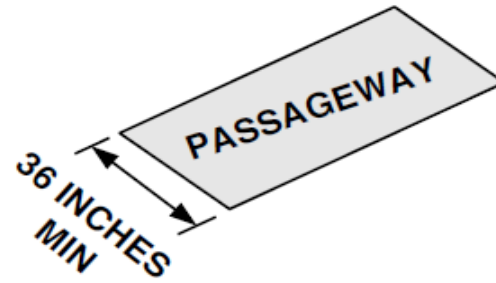
RAMPS:

| | | | | | | |
|----|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 19 | Is an access ramp present? | If there is more than one ramp, select the one that appears to be the primary access ramp. | | | | |
|----|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|


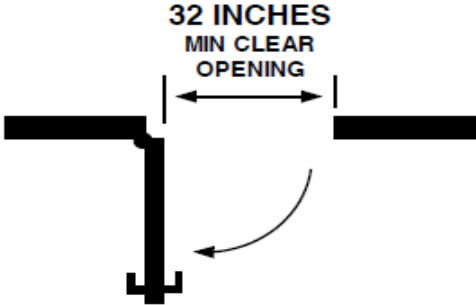
| | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 20 (CE) | Are handrails provided on both sides of the ramp that are mounted between 34 and 38 inches above the ramp surface, if it is longer than 6 feet? | <p>If the ramp is not longer than 6 feet, check NA.</p>  <p>HANDRAILS ON BOTH SIDES</p> | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|

21
(CE)

Are all ramps at least 36 inches wide?



BUILDING ENTRANCE

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <p>22 CE</p> | <p>Is the main entrance accessible?</p> | <p>Self explanatory.</p> | | | | |
| <p>23</p> | <p>If a main entrance is not accessible, is there another accessible entrance?</p> | <p>Self explanatory.</p> | | | | |
| <p>24</p> | <p>If a main entrance is not accessible, is there directional signage indicating the location of the accessible entrance?</p> |  | | | | |
| <p>25 (CE)</p> | <p>Do doors have an opening at least 32 inches wide (at the narrowest point below the opening hardware) when opened to 90°?</p> | <p>When measuring double doors, measure the opening with one door open to 90°.</p>  | | | | |


| | | | | | | |
|----|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 26 | Are there automatic doors? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
|----|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|

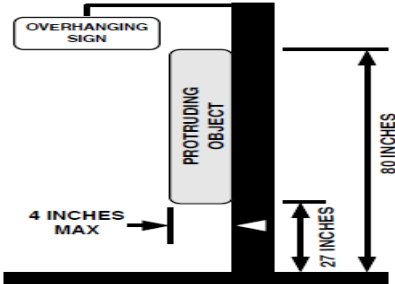
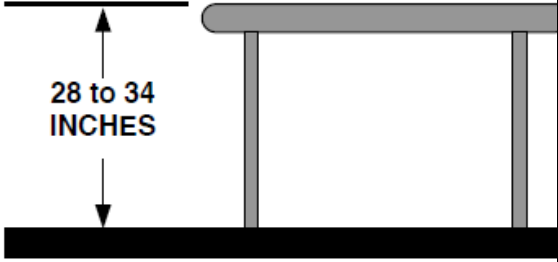
INTERIOR ROUTE (FROM THE BUILDING ENTRANCE, TO THE REGISTRATION COUNTER/WINDOW, AND THROUGH TO THE PARTICIPANT AREAS)

| | | | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 27 | Is there an interior route to the patient area? | Some patient areas are accessed directly from the street or drop off rather than being located within a larger building or complex, therefore they do not have interior routes. | | | | |
|----|---|---|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Are <u>ALL</u> interior paths of travel at least 36 inches wide? |  | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 29 | Is the interior accessible route stable, firm, and slip resistant? | <p>Avoid unsecured carpeting or other loose elements.</p> <p>It is easier for people using walkers, wheelchairs and other aids to walk or push on surfaces that have low pile carpeting without a pad underneath.</p> <p>Glossy or slick surfaces such as ceramic tile or marble can be slippery.</p> | | | | |
|----|--|---|--|--|--|--|

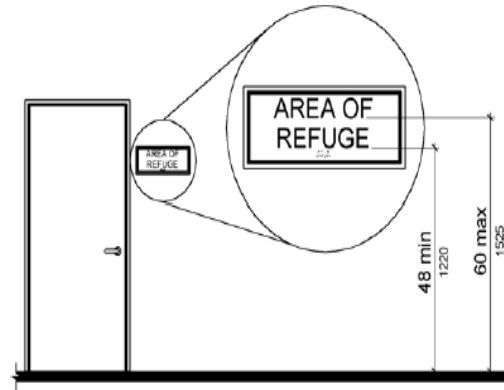
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|------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 30 | Is the interior accessible route well lighted? | A brightly lit corridor will help avoid falls. | | | | |
| 31 (CE) | If there are stairs on the accessible route, are there handrails on each side? | If there are no stairs, check NA. | | | | |
| 32 | If there are stairs, are all stair risers closed that are on the accessible route? |  | | | | |
| 33 | If there are stairs, are all stair treads marked by a stripe providing a clear visual contrast to assist people with visual impairments? | <p>Contrast striping must be provided on the upper approach and lower tread for interior stairs and on the upper approach and all treads for exterior stairs. Stripes must be 2" to 4" wide placed parallel to and no more than 1" from the nose of the step or upper approach. The stripe must extend the full width of the step or upper approach and should be made of material that is at least as slip resistant as the other stair treads (a painted stripe is acceptable).</p> | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <p>34</p> | <p>Is the path through the facility free of any objects that stick out into the circulation path that a blind person might not detect with a cane?</p> | <p>If an object protrudes more than 4 inches and is located between 27 inches above the walking surface and below 80 inches, a blind person walking with a cane will not detect it.</p>  | | | | |
| <p>35</p> | <p>If floor mats are used, are the edges of floor mats stiff enough or secured so that they do not roll up?</p> | <p>If floor mats are not in use, check NA. Floor mats that are not secured to the floor can roll up or bunch up under walkers or wheelchair casters and cause a tripping hazard.</p> | | | | |
| <p>36</p> | <p>Is a section of the sign-in/registration counter no more than 34 inches high and at least 36 inches wide and free of stored items?</p> |  | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| <p>37</p> | <p>Does the office have a method, other than a lowered counter, by which people can sign in/register? (If yes, please note this method in comments.)</p> | <p>A medical office may use reasonable alternative methods to meet this need such as a clip board.</p> | | | | |
| <p>38</p> | <p>Do signs identifying permanent rooms and spaces include raised letters and Braille?</p> | <p>The diagram illustrates the required dimensions for an 'AREA OF REFUGE' sign. It shows a door on the left with a small sign. A larger sign is shown to the right with dimensions: 48 min (1220) and 60 max (1525).</p> | | | | |

39

Are the raised letters and Braille signs mounted between 48 inches and 60 inches from the floor?

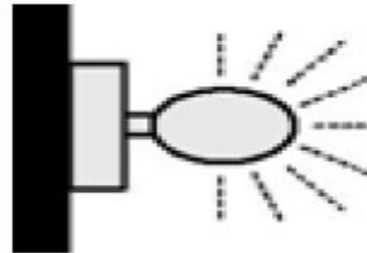


Raised letters and Braille signs are either on the latch side of doors or on the face of doors and are mounted between 48 inches and 60 inches from the floor.

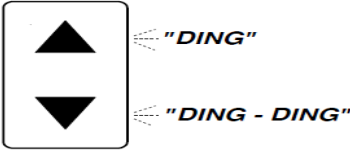
40

If the building has a fire alarm system, are visual signals provided in each public space, including toilet rooms and Participant Areas?

If the building does not have a fire alarm system, check NA.

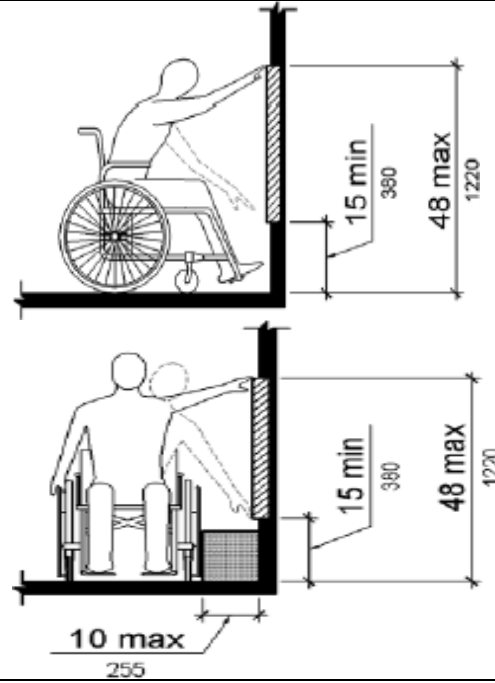


ELEVATORS

| | | | | | | |
|------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 41 | Is there an elevator? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
| 42 (CE) | If needed, is the elevator available for public/patient use during business hours? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
| 43 (CE) | Is the elevator equipped with both visible and audible door opening/closing and floor indicators? | <p>A visible and audible signal is required at each elevator entrance to indicate which car is answering a call. An audible signal would be a "ding" or a verbal announcement.</p>  | | | | |
| 44 (CE) | Is there a raised letter and Braille sign on each side of each elevator jamb? | These signs allow everyone to know which floor they are on before entering or exiting the elevator. | | | | |

45
(CE)

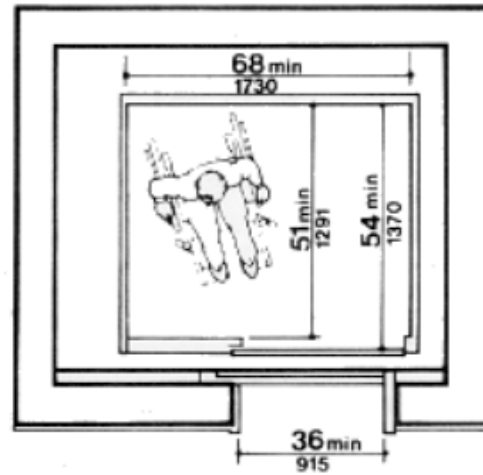
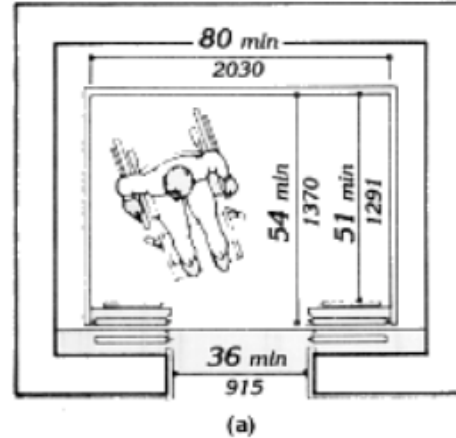
Are the hall call buttons for the elevator no higher than 48 inches from the floor?



46
(CE)

Is the elevator car large enough for a wheelchair or scooter user to enter, turn to reach the controls, and exit?

The doorway should be at least 36 inches wide and the floor area should be at least 51 inches long and 80 inches wide or 54 inches long and 68 inches wide, depending on where the door is located.

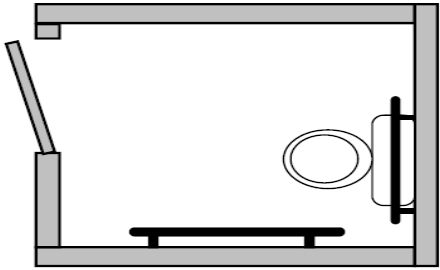


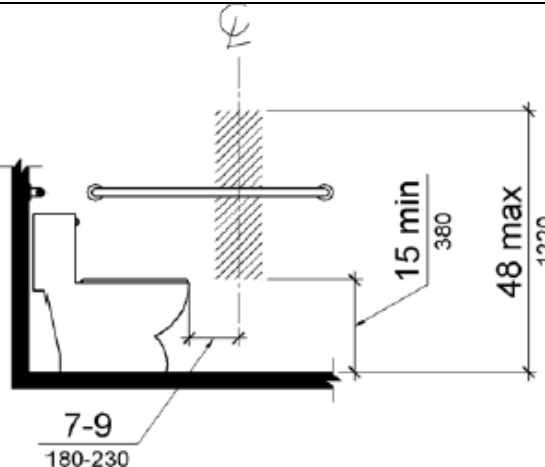
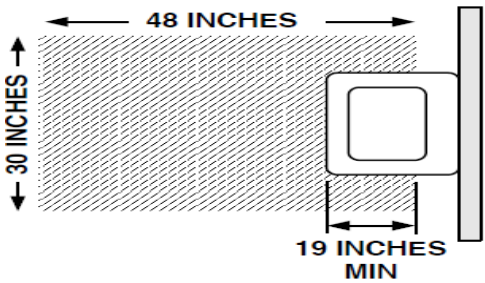
Do the buttons on the control panel inside the elevator have Braille and raised characters/symbols near the buttons?

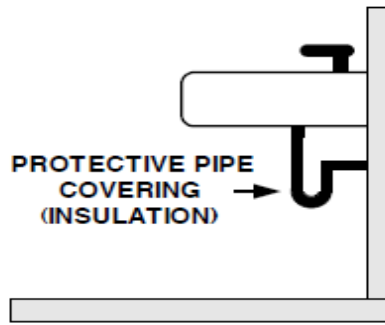
Self explanatory.

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 48 | Is there an emergency communication system in the elevator? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
| 49 | Is the elevator emergency communication system usable without requiring voice communication? | It is essential that emergency communication not be dependent on voice communications alone because the safety of people with hearing or speech impairments could be jeopardized. Visible signal requirement could be satisfied with something as simple as a button that lights when the message is answered, indicating that help is on the way. | | | | |
| 50 | Do raised letters and Braille identify the emergency intercom in the elevator? | Self explanatory. | | | | |

ALL RESTROOMS/TOILET ROOMS (WITH AND WITHOUT STALLS):

| | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 51 | Is there an accessible restroom/toilet room? | Self explanatory. | | | | |
| 52 | Does the interior door to the restroom require less than 5 pounds of pressure to open? | <p>If restroom door is a fire door, check NA.</p> <p>For interior doors (not fire doors), labor force to open a door should be ≤ 5 lbs. Measure the weight of the labor force of the door after the door is unlatched; attach the hook end of the scale to the door handle and pull until the door opens and read the weight of the force.</p> | | | | |
| 53 (CE) | Are grab bars provided, one on the wall behind the toilet and one on the wall next to the toilet? | <p>Grab bars should be installed in a horizontal position between 33 and 36 inches above the floor measured to the top of the gripping surface.</p>  | | | | |
| 54 | Are all objects mounted at least 12 inches above and 1½ inches below the grab bars? | This includes seat cover dispensers, toilet paper dispensers, sanitizers, trash containers, etc. | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| <p>55 (CE)</p> | <p>Is the toilet paper dispenser mounted below the side grab bar with the centerline of the toilet paper dispenser between 7 inches and 9 inches in front of the toilet, and at least 15 inches high?</p> |  | | | | |
| <p>56 (CE)</p> | <p>Is there a space that is at least 30 inches wide and 48 inches deep to allow wheelchair users to park in front of the sink?</p> | <p>This space must extend at least 17 inches under the sink from the front edge, although it can extend up to 19 inches underneath.</p>  | | | | |
| <p>57</p> | <p>Is the space in front of the sink free of trashcans and other movable items?</p> | <p>Self explanatory.</p> | | | | |

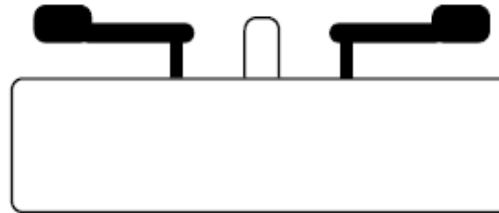


58

Are the pipes and water supply lines under the sink wrapped with a protective cover?

A knob handle would not be accessible.

LEVER HANDLES



59
(CE)

Are faucet handles operable with one hand and without grasping, pinching, or twisting? (Check Yes if faucets are automatic.)

60

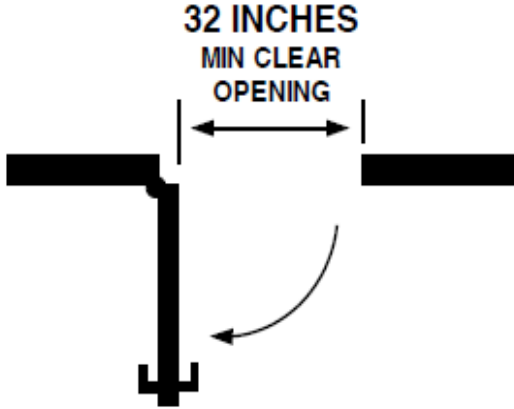
Are all dispensers mounted no higher than 40 inches from the floor?

Included are soap dispensers, paper towel dispensers, seat cover dispensers, hand dryers, etc.

61

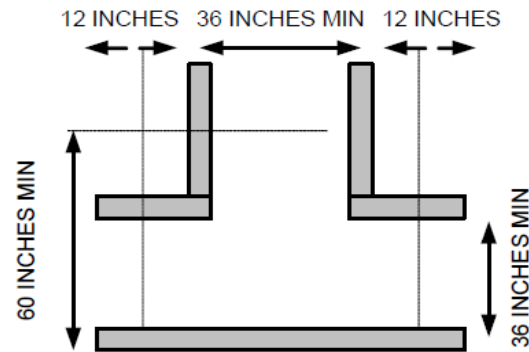
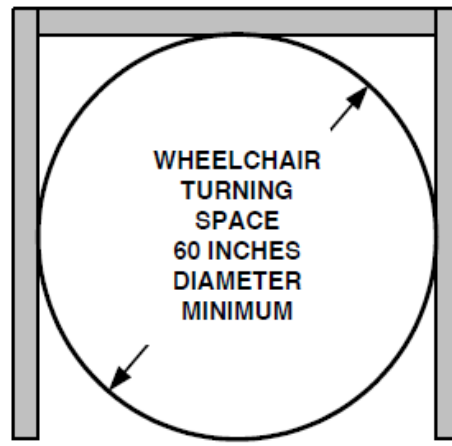
Are all dispensers (soap, paper towel, etc.) operable with one hand and without grasping, pinching, or twisting?

Self explanatory.

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| <p>62 (CE)</p> | <p>Do restroom doorways have a minimum clear opening of 32 inches with the door open at 90 degrees, measured between the face of the door and the opposite stop?</p> |  <p>The diagram illustrates a door in an open position at a 90-degree angle. A horizontal double-headed arrow indicates the distance between the face of the door and the opposite stop, labeled as '32 INCHES MIN CLEAR OPENING'. A curved arrow points to the door, indicating its 90-degree opening.</p> | | | | |
| <p>63</p> | <p>Is the space inside the restroom clear, without trashcans, shelves, equipment, chairs, and other movable objects?</p> | <p>Self explanatory.</p> | | | | |

64
(CE)

Is there a 60-inch diameter turning circle or a 60 inch x 60 inch "T"-shaped space inside the restroom to allow a turn around for wheelchair and scooter users?

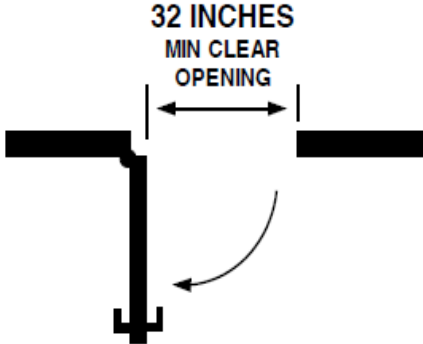
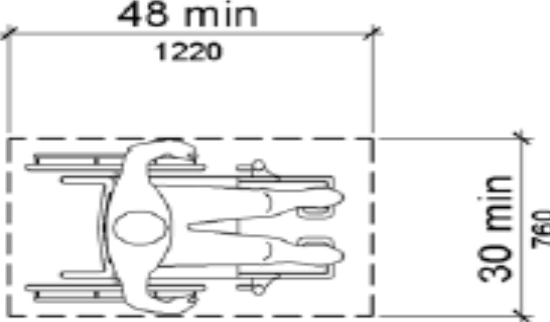


65

Can the hardware on the stall door be operated without grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist?

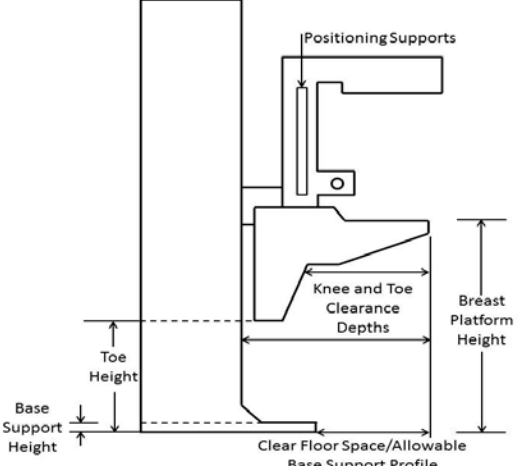
Handles, pulls, latches, locks, and other operating devices on accessible doors shall have a shape that is easy to grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping, tight pinching, or twisting of the wrist to operate.

PATIENT AREAS (DIAGNOSTIC & TREATMENT, ROOMS)

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | <p>Do doorways have a minimum clear opening of 32 inches with the door open at 90 degrees, measured between the face of the door and the opposite stop?</p> |  <p>32 INCHES MIN CLEAR OPENING</p> | | | | |
| | <p>Is there space next to the equipment for a wheelchair or scooter user to approach, park, and transfer or be assisted to transfer onto following?</p> |  <p>48 min 1220</p> <p>30 min 760</p> | | | | |
| | <p>a. Equipment (such as PT)?</p> | | | | | |
| | <p>b. Diagnostic apparatus?</p> | | | | | |
| | <p>c. Patient activity areas (such as OT, dining)?</p> | | | | | |
| | <p>d. Infusion (chairs, beds for chemo, dialysis)?</p> | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 68 | <p>Patient Dressing Rooms are accessible (all bullet points need to be present)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Doorways are at least 32 inches • Turning Radius is 60x60 inches • Seating 17-19 inches from the floor • Grab bars | <p>If there are reasonable alternative for dressing room accommodations, this measure is met.</p> | | | | |
| 69 | <p>In the diagnostic/treatment area, is there a 60 inch diameter turning circle or a 60 inch x 60 inch "T" shaped space so that a wheelchair or scooter user can make a 180° turn?</p> | <p>WHEELCHAIR TURNING SPACE 60 INCHES DIAMETER MINIMUM</p> <p>12 INCHES 36 INCHES MIN 12 INCHES</p> <p>60 INCHES MIN 36 INCHES MIN</p> | | | | |
| 70 (CE) | <p>If any diagnostic equipment or treatment tables/chairs are used, is there a patient pre-assessment process (i.e. phone, prior to appointment) to verify that the necessary services can be provided?</p> | <p>Self explanatory.</p> | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 71 | Does the Diagnostic Table have a weight limit? | Document weight limit : <input type="checkbox"/> MRI _____ <input type="checkbox"/> CT _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Fluoroscopy _____ <input type="checkbox"/> PET _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Bone Density/Dexascan _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Ultrasound _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Nuclear Medicine _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Xray _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____ <input type="checkbox"/> _____ | | | | |
| 72 (T) | Is there height adjustable equipment (chairs and tables) that lowers between 17 inches and 19 inches from the floor to the top of the cushion? | Score each appropriate equipment that do or do not lower 17 to 19 inches from the floor to the top of the cushion: | | | | |
| | a. MRI | | | | | |
| | b. CT | | | | | |
| | c. Fluoroscopy | | | | | |
| | d. PET | | | | | |
| | e. Bone Density/Dexascan | | | | | |
| | f. Ultrasound | | | | | |
| | g. Nuclear Medicine | | | | | |
| | h. Xray | | | | | |
| | i. Physical Therapy Table | | | | | |
| | j. Dialysis Chair | | | | | |
| | k. Other | | | | | |
| | l. Other | | | | | |
| 73 (T) | Mammography machine can accommodate wheelchair users with knee and foot clearance under the breast plate allowing technologist to take quality | The top of breast platform needs to go to 26 inches above the floor to accommodate an individual seated in a wheelchair. | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | images. |  | | | | |
| 74 (T) | <p>A Mammography chair is available for patients who must be seated. <i>Example: persons with balance difficulties, or cannot stand for any length of time.</i></p> | <p>The chair's footrests must accommodate and ride over the base support.</p> | | | | |
| 75 | <p>Are transfer and positioning supports available?</p> | <p>Examples include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Positioning supports while on the equipment as pillows, wedges, strapping, transfer supports <p>Please list elements in comments.</p> | | | | |
| 76 (CE) | <p>Does staff provide patient transfer assistance on and off of equipment (this includes use of lift equipment when needed).</p> | <p>Self Explanatory</p> | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 77 (T) | Is lift equipment available to assist staff with transfers (portable, overhead, or ceiling mounted)? | Self Explanatory | | | | |
| 78 (CE) | Is staff trained yearly on safe transfer techniques? | Self explanatory | | | | |

WEIGHT MEASUREMENT

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 79 | Are patients normally weighed at this provider site? | Self explanatory | | | | |
| 80 (T) | Is a weight scale available that can be used by a wheelchair or scooter user, obese patients whose weight exceeds the weight limits for standard scales, and for patients that cannot step onto a standard scale? | Accessible scale platform dimensions-should be a minimum of 32x 36 inches | | | | |
| 81 (T) | If there is no accessible scale, are other methods to weigh the patient in place? | Examples of other methods to weigh the patient are: weight scales integrated into examination tables, chairs, stretchers, and lifts, or an accessible scale located in a nearby office, within the same building. | | | | |

References

2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design

U.S Department of Justice

http://www.ada.gov/2010ADASTandards_index.htm

The revised regulations for Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (ADA) were published in the Federal Register on September 15, 2010. They provide the scoping and technical requirements for new construction and alterations resulting from the adoption of revised 2010 Standards in the final rules for Title II (28 CFR part 35) and Title III (28 CFR part 36). The 2010 ADA Standards go into effect March 15, 2012, but can be used now instead of the 1991 standards. The FSR Attachment C draws upon access requirements found in both the 1991 Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines and the 2010 ADA Standards. Some diagrams that appear in the FSR Attachment C are reproduced from these sources.

Two questions in the FSR Attachment C were drawn from Title 24, Part 2 of the California Building Standards Code. These are 1133B.4.4 – Striping for the visually impaired (Rev.1-1-2009), and 1115B-1 – Bathing and Toilet Facilities, placement of toilet paper dispensers. These standards can be found in:

2009 California Building Standards Code with California Errata and Amendments

State of California

Department of General Services

Division of the State Architect

Updated April 27, 2010

http://www.documents.dgs.ca.gov/dsa/pubs/access_manual_rev_04-27-10.pdf

Some diagrams are reprinted with permission from the Kentucky Department of Vocational Rehabilitation. These illustrations can also be found in:

“Health Care Usability Profile V3”

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